

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT JUNE 30, 2010

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December 21, 2011

Mr. Dean Philo Director of Budget, Finance and Treasury City of Taylor 23555 Goddard Road Taylor, Michigan 48180

Dear Mr. Philo:

Submitted in this report are the results of an Actuarial Valuation of the benefit values associated with the employer financed retiree health benefits provided by the City of Taylor. The date of the valuation was June 30, 2010.

This report was prepared at the request of the City of Taylor and is intended for use by the Plan and those designated or approved by the City. This report may be provided to parties other than the City only in its entirety and only with the permission of the City. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described in the primary communication.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Plan's financial status, to determine the Annual Required Contribution for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2012, and to determine the actuarial information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 43 and No. 45.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the City concerning Plan benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the City.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

One or more of the undersigned are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries, and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Mr. Dean Philo December 21, 2011 Page 2

To the best of our knowledge the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the plan as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

Respectfully submitted,

Brad Cel C

Brad Lee Armstrong, ASA, MAAA

Randall J. Dziubek, ASA, EA, MAAA

BLA:bd



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Annual Required Contribution

This report presents the annual required contribution calculated in compliance with the accounting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 43 and No. 45.

The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010 is estimated to be \$7,365,884 for the General group, \$392,798 for the Court group, and \$5,706,564 for the Police/Fire group. Actual claims and premiums paid on behalf of retirees may be treated as employer contributions in relation to the ARC and act to reduce the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO). The expected retiree health care claims and premium amounts paid during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010 are estimated to be \$3,182,549 for the General group, \$88,512 for the Court group, and \$2,743,200 for the Police/Fire group. These amounts reflect the employer portion of the retiree only premium rates and the implicit subsidy for retirees and covered spouses. Therefore, the expected employer pre-funding contribution net of employee contributions that would result in a zero NOO for June 30, 2011 are \$4,183,335 (\$7,365,884-\$3,182,549) for the General group, \$304,286 (\$392,798-\$88,512) for the Court group, and \$2,963,364 (\$5,706,564-\$2,743,200) for the Police/Fire group.

For additional details please see Section A of the report.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Additional OPEB Reporting Requirements

In addition to the annual OPEB cost described above, employers have to disclose a Net OPEB Obligation (or asset). The Net OPEB Obligation is the cumulative difference between annual OPEB costs and annual employer contributions in relation to the ARC, accumulated from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45.

The requirements for determining the employer's contributions in relation to the ARC are described in paragraph 13 g. of GASB Statement No. 45. Additional information required to be disclosed in the employer's financial statements is detailed in paragraphs 24 through 27 of GASB Statement No. 45.

Liabilities and Assets

The present value of all benefits expected to be paid to current plan members as of June 30, 2010 is \$128,134,794 for the General group, \$6,561,243 for the Court group, and \$119,476,055 for the Police/Fire group. The actuarial accrued liability, which is the portion of the present value of all benefits attributable to service accrued by plan members as of June 30, 2010, is \$106,559,713 for the General group, \$4,302,597 for the Court group, and \$97,683,765 for the Police/Fire group. The assets currently set aside for GASB OPEB purposes as of June 30, 2010 are \$0 for all groups.



VALUATION RESULTS

CITY OF TAYLOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING JULY 1, 2010 AND JULY 1, 2011

	Development of the Annual Required Contribution for				
Contributions for	General	Court	Police/Fire		
Total Normal Cost	\$3,484,855	\$236,087	\$2,149,001		
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (Amortized over 30 years)	\$3,881,029	\$ 156,711	\$3,557,563		
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2011 ARC Per Active Participant	\$7,365,884 \$ 52,240	\$392,798 \$ 24,550	\$5,706,564 \$ 66,355		
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2012	\$7,464,092	\$403,870	\$5,824,176		
ARC Per Active Participant	\$ 52,937	\$ 25,242	\$ 67,723		

The results on this page are calculated under the assumption that the employer funding policy is to contribute only the pay-as-you-go health care premium/claims contributions and have no plan assets. Under this policy the employer should use an investment return assumption similar to that of the general fund earnings. Therefore, the investment return assumption used to calculate the liabilities shown above is 4.0%.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities were amortized as a level percent of active member payroll over a period of 30 years. A 30-year amortization period for unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities is the maximum period that complies with GASB requirements.

CITY OF TAYLOR DETERMINATION OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Court	Police/Fire
A. Present Value of Future Benefits			
1. Retirees and Beneficiaries	\$ 64,319,597	\$ 1,801,360	\$ 73,964,177
2. Retired Members in Deferral Period	5,145,680	0	0
3. Active Members	<u>58,669,517</u>	4,759,883	45,511,878
Total Present Value of Future Benefits	\$ 128,134,794	\$ 6,561,243	\$ 119,476,055
B. Present Value of Future Employer Normal Costs	\$ 21,575,081	\$ 2,258,646	\$ 21,792,290
C. Present Value of Future Contributions from Current Active Members	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
D. Actuarial Accrued Liability (ABC.)	\$ 106,559,713	\$ 4,302,597	\$97,683,765
E. Market Value of Assets	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
F. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (DE.)	\$ 106,559,713	\$ 4,302,597	\$97,683,765
G. Funded Ratio (E./D.)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The results on this page are calculated under the assumption that the employer funding policy is to contribute only the pay-as-you-go health care premium/claims contributions and have no plan assets. Under this policy the employer should use an investment return assumption similar to that of the general fund earnings. Therefore, the investment return assumption used to calculate the liabilities shown above is 4.0%.

The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is not booked as an expense all in one year and does not appear in the Employer's Statement of Net Assets. Nevertheless, it is reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements and in the Required Supplementary Information. These are information sections within the employer's financial statements.

COMMENTS

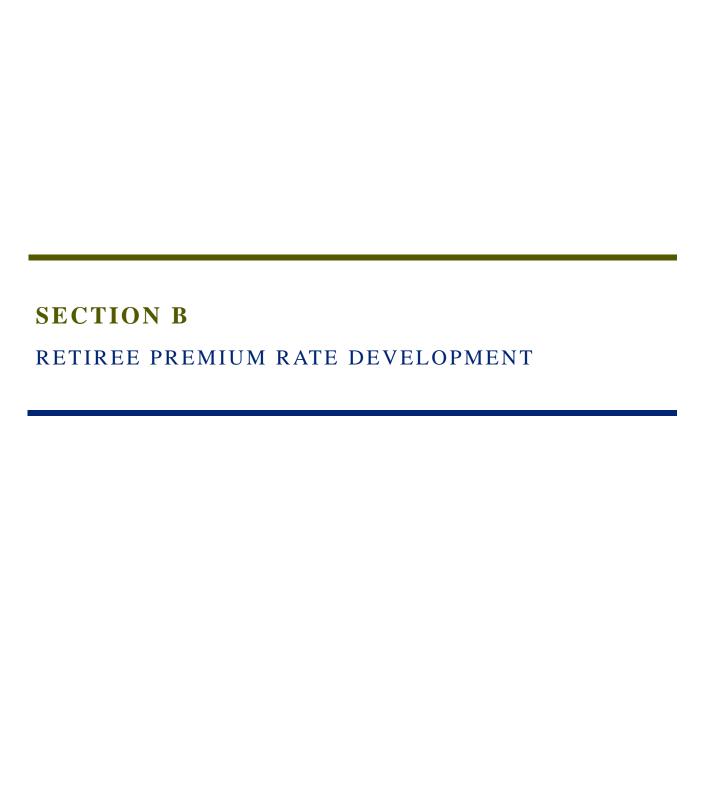
COMMENT A: One of the key assumptions used in any valuation of the cost of postemployment benefits is the rate of return on Plan assets. Higher assumed investment returns will result in a lower ARC. Lower returns will tend to increase the computed ARC. Based on our understanding of the City's funding policy, we have calculated the liability and the resulting ARC using an assumed long term rate of investment of 4.0%.

COMMENT B: Based on the number of plan members as of this valuation, the plan sponsor is required by GASB to perform actuarial valuations at least biennially. An annual actuarial valuation will recompute the required contribution rate each year. This will permit fluctuations and trends in experience to be reflected in the contribution rate on a regular basis.

COMMENT C: The contribution rates shown include amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. This is the maximum time period permitted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45. A shorter amortization period would result in a higher ARC.

COMMENT D: Actual claims and/or premiums paid on behalf of retirees may be treated as employer contributions in relation to the ARC and act to reduce the NOO. For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2012, the estimated claims and/or premiums paid by the employer on behalf of retirees are as follows:

	With Impl	icit Rate	Without Implicit Rate		
	FYE 2011 FYE 2012		FYE 2011	FYE 2012	
General	3,182,549	3,568,755	2,608,197	\$2,909,653	
Court	88,512	97,616	61,196	\$74,019	
Police/Fire	2,743,200	2,992,251	2,385,131	\$2,595,567	



RETIREE PREMIUM RATE DEVELOPMENT

Initial premium rates were developed for the two classes of retirees (pre-65 and post-65). Members have healthcare coverage through self-insured BCBSM plans, fully insured BCN Plans or Fully-insured HAP Plans.

The fully-insured and self-insured per capita cots were developed separately and then blended together based on enrollment to develop one set of per capita costs. The development of the fully-insured per capita costs and self-insured per capita costs are described below.

The fully-insured rates provided by the City of Taylor were utilized to determine the appropriate premium rates. The pre-65 fully-insured premiums are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and pre-65 retired members; therefore, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees since the average costs of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees. The true per capita cost for the pre-65 retirees is developed by adjusting the demographic differences between the active employees and retirees to reflect this implicit rate subsidy for the retirees. For the post-65 retirees, the fully-insured premium rate is used as the basis of the initial per capita cost without adjustments since the rate reflects the demographics of the post-65 retiree group.

The self-insured per capita costs were developed in a similar manner to the fully-insured with the additional step of calibrating the per capita costs to future cost projections provided by BCBSM.

Age graded and sex distinct premiums are utilized by this valuation. The premiums developed by the preceding process are appropriate for the unique age and sex distribution currently existing. Over the future years covered by this valuation, the age and sex distribution will most likely change. Therefore, our process "distributes" the average premium over all age/sex combinations and assigns a unique premium for each combination. The age/sex specific premiums more accurately reflect the health care utilization and cost at that age.

RETIREE PREMIUM RATE DEVELOPMENT (CONCLUDED)

The combined monthly one-person medical, and drug premiums at select ages are shown below:

Current and Future Retirees

Not Eligible for Medicare					
Age Male Female					
45	\$456.02	\$597.01			
50	616.95	699.04			
55	806.34	828.85			
60	1,013.00	973.72			

Eligible for Medicare						
Age Male Female						
65	\$645.90	\$594.79				
70	745.04	669.94				
75	827.12	734.05				

The undersigned is a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (M.A.A.A.) and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to certify the per capita retiree health care rates shown above.

John R. Mallows, FSA, MAAA

SECTION C

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS AND VALUATION DATA

The plan provisions described in this section were compiled to the best of our ability based on information provided by the City. In some cases where information was limited, assumptions were made that were generally based on corresponding provisions in the Retirement System. In the event that any description contained herein differs from the actual eligibility or benefit, the appropriate employee contract or governing document will prevail. If you have reason to believe that the plan provisions are incorrectly described, that important plan provisions relevant to this valuation are not described, or that conditions have changed since the calculations were made, you should contact the author of this report prior to relying on information in the report.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FIRE

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility - Any age with 20 or more years of service or age 60 regardless of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 10 or more years of service. Benefit commences at date retirement would have occurred if member had remained in employment.

Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility – Death while actively employed after 10 years of service. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

Non-Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility – 5 or more years of service.

Opt-Out – The City offers \$150/\$300/\$400 for single/two-person/family coverage respectively in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible. The City reimburses the retiree for their Medicare Part B premium.

Dental/Optical – Retiree is responsible for dental and optical premiums.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS POLICE PATROL/PUBLIC SAFETY SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility - Any age with 20 or more years of service or age 60 regardless of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 10 or more years of service. Benefit commences at date retirement would have occurred if member had remained in employment.

Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility – Death while actively employed after 10 years of service. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

Non-Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility – 5 or more years of service.

Opt-Out – The City offers \$150/\$300/\$400 for single/two-person/family coverage respectively in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental/Optical – Retiree is responsible for dental and optical premiums.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS POLICE COMMAND

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents. Police Command retiring after July 1, 2006 pay 10% of retiree health care premiums capped at an annual maximum of \$2,250.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility - Any age with 25 or more years of service or age 60 regardless of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 10 or more years of service. Benefit commences at date retirement would have occurred if member had remained in employment.

Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility – Death while actively employed after 10 years of service. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

Non-Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility – 5 or more years of service.

Opt-Out – The City does not provide payment in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental/Optical – Retiree is responsible for dental and optical premiums.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS COURT EMPLOYEES/COURT SUPERVISORS SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility - Age with 55 with 25 or more years of service, or age 60 with 10 years of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 10 or more years of service. Benefit commences at date retirement would have occurred if member had remained in employment.

Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility – Death while actively employed after 10 years of service. Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

Non-Duty Disability Retirement

Eligibility – 10 or more years of service.

Opt-Out – The City does not provide payment in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental/Optical – Retiree is responsible for dental and optical premiums.

Life Insurance – The City provides \$6,000 of life insurance.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LOCAL 1128 AFSCME

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88 - Age 55 with 10 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88 - Earlier of: (a) Age 55 with 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/1/82), or (b) 25 years of service.

Early Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88 - Age 50 with 10 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88 - Earlier of: (a) Age 48 with 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/1/82), or (b) 18 years of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/1/82). Benefit commences at age 55.

Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed after 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/1/82). Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues full coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Disability Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88- 10 years of service credited in System, and must be eligible to receive Social Security disability benefits.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88- No age or service requirement, but must be eligible to receive Social Security disability benefits.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LOCAL 1128 AFSCME (CONCLUDED) SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Opt-Out – The City does not provide payment in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental– Retiree is responsible for dental premiums.

Life Insurance – The City provides \$6,000 of life insurance.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LOCAL 1917

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88- Age 55 with 10 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88- Earlier of: (a) Age 55 with 8 or more years of service or (b) 25 years of service.

Early Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88 - Age 50 with 10 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88 - Earlier of: (a) Age 48 with 8 or more years of service or (b) 18 years of service.

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/4/88). Benefit commences at age 55.

Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed after 8 or more years of service (10 or more years if hired after 8/4/88). Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement - Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues full coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Disability Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 8/4/88- 10 years of service credited in System, and must be eligible to receive Social Security disability benefits.

Eligibility if Hired Before 8/4/88- No age or service requirement, but must be eligible to receive Social Security disability benefits.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LOCAL 1917 (CONCLUDED) SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Opt-Out – The City does not provide payment in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible. The City reimburses the retiree for their Medicare Part B premium.

Dental – The City provides dental benefits for those retired after 7/1/99.

Life Insurance – The City provides \$20,000 of life insurance.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TAYLOR GOVERNMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility if Hired On or After 05/18/88 - Age 55 with 5 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Hired Before 05/18/88 - Age 55 with 4 or more years of service or any age with 25 or more years of service.

Early Retirement

Eligibility - Any age with 5 or more years of service (4 years if hired before 05/18/88).

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 5 or more years of service (4 years if hired before 05/18/88). Benefit commences at age 55.

Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed after 5 or more years of service (4 years if hired before 05/18/88). Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues full coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement, but must be eligible to receive Social Security Disability Benefits.

Opt-Out – The City does not provide payment in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental – The City provides dental benefits for those retired after 1/1/2002.

Life Insurance – The City provides \$30,000 of life insurance.

CITY OF TAYLOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ELECTED OFFICIALS

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

Retiree Health Care Benefit

Amount - The City provides fully paid retiree health care for the retiree, spouse and eligible dependents.

Normal Retirement

Eligibility if Elected On or After 11/27/89 - Age 55 with 5 or more years of service.

Eligibility if Elected Before 11/27/89 - Age 55 with 4 or more years of service or any age with 25 or more years of service.

Early Retirement

Eligibility - Any age with 5 or more years of service (4 years if elected before 11/27/89).

Deferred (Vested) Retirement

Eligibility - 5 or more years of service (4 years if elected before 11/27/89). Benefit commences at age 55.

Death Before Retirement Benefits

Eligibility - Death while actively employed after 5 or more years of service (4 years if elected before 11/27/89). Payable to the employee's spouse for life.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of the retiree, the City continues full coverage of retiree health care for the lifetime of the spouse.

Disability Retirement

Eligibility - No age or service requirement, but must be eligible to receive Social Security Disability Benefits.

Opt-Out – The City offers \$150/\$300/\$400 for single/two-person/family coverage respectively in lieu of retiree health care coverage.

Medicare Eligibility – Retirees are required to enroll in Medicare once eligible.

Dental – Retiree is responsible for retired dental premiums.

CITY OF TAYLOR GENERAL – ACTIVE MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

		Years of Service to Valuation Date						Totals
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.
20-24	1							1
25-29	4	2						6
30-34	4	3	6					13
35-39	6	1	8	5	1			21
40-44	4		14	3	3			24
45-49	6	5	9	5	6			31
50-54	4	4	9	7	5			29
55-59	3	2	2		1			8
60-64	1		1		1		1	4
65 & Over	2	1					1	4
Totals	35	18	49	20	17		2	141

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 45.0 years **Service:** 11.6 years

CITY OF TAYLOR COURT – ACTIVE MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

		Years of Service to Valuation Date					Totals	
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.
20-24	1							1
25-29		2						2
30-34								
35-39			1					1
40-44		1	2					3
45-49				1	1	1		3
50-54		1			1			2
55-59			2					2
60-64	1							1
65 & Over					1			1
Totals	2	4	5	1	3	1		16

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 46.6 years **Service:** 12.7 years

CITY OF TAYLOR POLICE/FIRE – ACTIVE MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

		Yea	rs of Ser	vice to Va	aluation D	ate		Totals
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.
20-24								
25-29								
30-34		11	9					20
35-39	1	3	18	1				23
40-44		2	15	6	1			24
45-49			6		4			10
50-54			1	2	1			4
55-59		1	1		1			3
60-64							1	1
65 & Over					1			1
Totals	1	17	50	9	8		1	86

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 40.2 years **Service:** 12.7 years

CITY OF TAYLOR RETIRED MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 BY ATTAINED AGE

General Retirees

Attained	Number of Retirees				
Age	Male	Female	Totals		
Under 55	6	6	12		
55-59	27	13	40		
60-64	19	11	30		
65 & Over	66	58	124		
Totals	118	88	206		

Court Retirees

Attained	Nu	irees	
Age	Male	Female	Totals
Under 55	0	1	1
55-59	0	0	0
60-64	1	3	4
65 & Over	0	0	0
Totals	1	4	5

Police/Fire Retirees

Attained	Number of Retirees				
Age	Male	Female	Totals		
Under 55	30	3	33		
55-59	23	0	23		
60-64	33	3	36		
65 & Over	59	17	76		
Totals	145	23	168		

Only members currently receiving or eligible to receive OPEB benefits in the future were shown above.

CITY OF TAYLOR DEFERRED MEMBERS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010 BY ATTAINED AGE

General Members in Deferral Period

Attained	Number of Retirees			
Age	Male	Female	Totals	
Under 50	9	2	11	
50-55	1	0	1	
Totals	10	2	12	

Only members currently receiving or eligible to receive OPEB benefits in the future were shown above.



ACTUARIAL COST METHOD AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

VALUATION METHODS

Actuarial Cost Method. Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) were amortized by a level (principal and interest combined) percent of payroll contribution. The UAAL were determined using the funding value of assets and actuarial accrued liability calculated as of the valuation date. The UAAL amortization payment is the level percent-of-payroll required to fully amortize the UAAL over a 30-year period beginning on the valuation date. This UAAL payment does not reflect any payments expected to be made between the valuation date and the fiscal year for which the contributions in this report have been calculated.

The salary increase assumption used in this actuarial valuation projects annual salary increases of 2.5% for General, 4.5% for Court, and 5.0% for Police/Fire plus a percentage based on an age or service based scale to reflect merit, longevity and promotional increases.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The rate of investment return (discount rate) under a Pay-As-You-Go arrangement was 4.0% per year compounded annually. This rate consists of a real rate of return of 1.5% per year plus a long-term rate of wage inflation of 2.5% a year for General, a real rate of return of (0.5)% per year plus a long term rate of wage inflation of 4.5% for Court, and a real rate of return of (1.0)% per year plus a long term rate of wage inflation of 5.0% a year for Police/Fire. This assumption is used to equate the value of payments due at different points in time. In an unfunded program the investment return assumption must be commensurate with potential earnings on the employers' general account assets.

The number of active members is assumed to remain constant in the future.

The payroll growth rate for financing Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities was assumed to be 2.5% for General, 4.5% for Court and 5.0% for Police/Fire.

Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities was amortized assuming a 3.5% growth rate which is the assumed ultimate health care trend.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following tables. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which future contributions will be based. General members were assumed to have a flat 2.5% salary increase regardless of age or service.

Police/Fire

	i i i		
Sample Age	Base (Economic)	Merit & Longevity	Increase Next Year
20	5.00%	3.00%	8.00%
25	5.00	3.00	8.00
30	5.00	2.60	7.60
35	5.00	1.10	6.10
40	5.00	0.20	5.20
45	5.00	0.20	5.20
50	5.00	0.20	5.20
55	5.00	0.10	5.10
60	5.00	0.00	5.00

Court

% Increase in Salary at Sample Ages

Sample Age	Base (Economic)	Merit & Longevity	Increase Next Year
20	4.50%	8.40%	12.90%
25	4.50	5.33	9.83
30	4.50	3.26	7.76
35	4.50	2.05	6.55
40	4.50	1.30	5.80
45	4.50	0.81	5.31
50	4.50	0.52	5.02
55	4.50	0.30	4.80
60	4.50	0.00	4.50

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The mortality table used to project the mortality experience of General plan members is the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table projected to 1984, set back 0 years for men and 6 years for women. The mortality table used to project the mortality experience of Court plan members is a 50% Male – 50% Female blend of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table. The mortality table used to project the mortality experience of Police/Fire plan members is the RP2000 Combined healthy Mortality Table. Post-disability mortality is set forward 10 years for all groups. 90% of General and Court active member deaths were assumed to be non-duty deaths. 50% of Police/Fire active member deaths were assumed to be non-duty deaths.

General Members

Sample Attained	Probability of Dying Next Year		Future Life Expectancy (years)	
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	0.49%	0.24%	27.53	32.93
55	0.78	0.44	23.28	28.40
60	1.21	0.72	19.27	24.11
65	1.95	1.10	15.55	20.05
70	3.34	1.76	12.25	16.27
75	5.18	3.00	9.49	12.87

Ref #68x1sb0yrs0Unisex #70x1sb0yrs0Unisex

Court Members

Sample Attained Ages	Probability of Dying Next Year	Future Life Expectancy (years)	
50	0.20%	32.60	
55	0.34	27.98	
60	0.62	23.53	
65	1.16	19.40	
70	1.87	15.66	
75	2.99	12.24	

Ref #261x1sb0yrs0.5Unisex#262x1sb0yrs0.5Unisex

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Police/Fire Members

Sample Attained	Probability of Dying Next Year		Future Life Expectancy (years)	
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	0.21%	0.17%	30.80	33.59
55	0.36	0.27	26.18	28.91
60	0.67	0.51	21.74	24.38
65	1.27	0.97	17.61	20.12
70	2.22	1.67	13.88	16.23
75	3.78	2.81	10.57	12.74
Ref	#506x1sb0yrs0Unisex		#507x1sb0yrs0Unisex	

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The normal retirement assumption used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year, were as follows:

Age Based Retirement

	Percent of Eligible Active Members			
Retirement	Retiring Within Next Year			
 Ages	Locals 1128 &1917	Court		
50	50%			
51	50%			
52	50%			
53	50%			
54	50%			
55	50%	18%		
56	10%	15%		
57	10%	10%		
58	10%	15%		
59	10%	20%		
60	100%	20%		
61		24%		
62		24%		
63		24%		
64		27%		
65		30%		
66		30%		
67		30%		

30%

30%

100%

All General members not listed in the above table were assumed to retire at their earliest normal retirement age.

68

69

70

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Service Based Retirement

Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year

Years of	Retiring Within Next Year				
Service	Police Corp/Patrol	Police Command	Fire		
20	70%		30%		
21	20%		20%		
22	20%		20%		
23	20%		20%		
24	20%		20%		
25	100%	50%	50%		
26		40%	50%		
27		40%	50%		
28		40%	50%		
29		40%	50%		
30		90%	100%		
31		40%			
32		100%			

Police/Fire members were assumed to retire no later than age 60.

The early retirement assumption used in the valuation was as follows:

For members in Local 1128 AFSCME and Local 1917 hired on or after 8/4/88 an early retirement rate of 5% was assumed for 5 years prior to normal retirement.

For all General members not listed above an early retirement rate of 5% was assumed for 7 years prior to normal retirement.

Court Members

Retirement	Percent of Eligible Active Members			
Ages	Retiring Early Within Next Year			
50	2%			
51	2			
52	3			
53	5			
54	8			
55	4			
56	4			
57	4			
58	6			
59	8			
Ref	946			

Police/Fire are not eligible for early retirement.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Rates of separation from active membership are used to estimate the number of employees at each age that are expected to terminate employment before qualifying for retirement benefits. The withdrawal rates do not apply to members eligible to retire, and do not include separation on account of death or disability.

Sample rates of separation from active employment are shown below:

Sample	Service	Percent of Active Members Separating Within Next Year				
Ages	Index	General	Court			
ALL	0		18.0%	10.0%	8.0%	
	1		18.0	8.0	6.0	
	2		16.0	6.0	4.5	
	3		12.0	4.0	3.0	
	4		10.0	3.0	2.0	
20	5 & Over	7.9%	9.0	3.0	2.0	
25		7.7	9.0	3.0	2.0	
30		7.2	9.0	2.6	1.7	
35		6.3	7.0	1.5	0.9	
40		5.2	5.0	0.6	0.34	
45		4.0	4.0	0.3	0.3	
50		2.6	4.0	0.3	0.3	
55		0.9	3.0	0.3	0.3	
60		0.1	3.0	0.3	0.3	
65		0.0	2.0	0.3	0.3	
Ref			263	14	13	

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONCLUDED)

Rates of disability among active members are used to estimate the incidence of member disability in future years. 100% of the General member disabilities were assumed to be non-duty, 85% of the Court member disabilities were assumed to be non-duty, and 50% of the Police/Fire member disabilities were assumed to be non-duty.

Percent Becoming Disabled Within Next Year

	• • •	TUIMITT TO THE TOUR		
Sample		General and I	Police/Fire	
Ages	Court	Men	Women	
20	0.02%	0.07%	0.03%	
25	0.02	0.09	0.05	
30	0.02	0.10	0.07	
35	0.06	0.14	0.13	
40	0.06	0.21	0.19	
45	0.11	0.32	0.28	
50	0.24	0.52	0.45	
55	0.41	0.92	0.76	
60	0.41	1.53	1.10	
Ref	#257	#33	#34	

Health care trend rates used in the valuation were as shown below:

Medical	and	Dwin
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Year	Trend Rates
2011	9.00%
2012	8.25
2013	7.50
2014	6.75
2015	6.25
2016	5.75
2017	5.25
2018	4.75
2019	4.25
2020	3.50
2021	3.50
2022	3.50
2023 & Later	3.50

MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL ASSUMPTIONS

Decrement Operation: Disability and mortality decrements do not operate during the first 5

years of service. Disability and withdrawal do not operate during

retirement eligibility.

Decrement Timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest

birthday and actual service on the date the decrement is assumed to

occur.

Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout

the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are

made.

Marriage Assumption: 100% of General members, 70% of Court members, and 90% of

Police/Fire members are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses for active member valuation

purposes.

Medicare Coverage: Assumed to be available for all covered employees on attainment of

age 65.

Election Percentage: It was assumed that 85% of retirees would choose to receive retiree

health care benefits through the City. Of those assumed to elect coverage, 76% are assumed to elect two-person coverage, if eligible. For those that elect two-person coverage, it was assumed that coverage would continue to the spouse upon death of the retiree, if

eligible.

Loads: Health care liabilities for deferred retirees are loaded 160% for

potential spouses.

Health Care Trend Rates: Health care trend rates were assumed to increase on July 1 each

year.

GASB STATEMENTS NO. 43 AND NO. 45 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Valuation Date

June 30, 2010

Actuarial Cost Method

Individual Entry Age

Amortization Method

Level Percent Open

Remaining Amortization Periods

30 Years

Asset Valuation Method

N/A

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rates

4.0% per Year

2.5% for General 4.5% - 12.9% for Court

Projected Salary Increases

5.0% - 8.0% for Police/Fire

Expected Health Care Cost Trend Rate

10% initial down to 3.5% ultimate over 10 years

GASB STATEMENTS NO. 43 AND NO. 45 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONCLUDED)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunde d AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2008	\$ 0	\$ 173,173,410	\$ 173,173,410	0.0 %	N/A	N/A
2010	\$ 0	208,546,075	208,546,075	0.0 %	12,239,209	1704%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Valuation Date June 30	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Annual Required Contribution	Annual OPEB Costs	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Percentage of OPEB Costs Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2008	2009	\$ 12,759,379	\$ 12,759,379	43.1%	43.1%	\$ 7,265,786
2008	2010	13,221,333	13,291,601	46.0%	45.7%	14,480,957
2010	2011	13,465,246	13,517,091	N/A	N/A	N/A
2010	2012	13,692,137				

This information is presented in draft form for review by the Plan and/or City auditor. Please let us know if there are any items that the auditor changes so that we may maintain consistency with the Plan and/or City financial statements.

APPENDIX A

OVERVIEW

GASB BACKGROUND AND STANDARDS

The purpose of this valuation is to provide information on the cost associated with providing postemployment benefits other than pensions, or OPEB, to current and former employees. OPEB benefits are most often associated with postemployment health care, but cover almost any benefit not provided through a pension plan, including life insurance, dental and vision benefits. It is important to note that OPEB benefits, by definition, do not include benefits *currently* being provided to active employees, however, this report includes the liabilities for benefits expected to be paid to current active employees when they terminate employment at a future date.

The GASB determined that an OPEB plan was similar to a pension plan in that benefits are earned during an active employee's working lifetime but paid out at a future date. In the GASB's view, accounting for OPEB should follow the same basic principle as accounting for public plan pension costs. These benefits are compensation for employees' services and should be accounted for during the period of time that services are performed.

Unlike pension plans, OPEB plans often do not have a formal document detailing the specific terms of the plan. Under GASB Statements No. 43 and No. 45 the benefits to be accounted for are those provided by the *substantive plan* – loosely defined as the benefits covered by the plan as understood by the employer and plan members at the time of each actuarial valuation. The substantive plan provisions used in this valuation are summarized in Section E.

The specific items required to be disclosed on an OPEB sponsor's financial statements are described in detail in GASB Statements No. 43 and No. 45. In general terms, though, the plan sponsor is required to disclose an annual OPEB cost, the funded status of the plan and the funding progress on the valuation date.

Although GASB does not require OPEB contributions, it has chosen to call the base component of the annual OPEB cost the Annual Required Contribution, or ARC. The ARC consists of the cost of benefits accruing in a year plus an amount calculated to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period of not more than 30 years.

GASB BACKGROUND AND STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

The funded status of the plan is a ratio of the plan's assets (if any) to the actuarial accrued liability on the valuation date. The plan is also required to disclose the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB costs and the employer's actual contribution to the plan. This amount is known as the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO). Each year, the NOO accumulates with interest, plus the difference between the ARC and actual contributions for the year, plus some technical adjustments. For most plans the NOO is set to zero as of the effective date of the GASB OPEB standard. It is the NOO, and not the actuarial accrued liability, that will be disclosed on the employers' Statement of Net Assets.

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY

GLOSSARY

Accrued Service. The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Equivalent. A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Amortization. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

GLOSSARY (CONCLUDED)

Annual Required Contribution (ARC). The ARC is the normal cost plus the portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be amortized in the current period. The ARC is an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the requirements so that, if paid on an ongoing basis, it would be expected to provide sufficient resources to fund both the normal cost for each year and the amortized unfunded liability.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the private, nonpartisan, nonprofit organization that works to create and improve the rules U.S. state and local governments follow when accounting for their finances and reporting them to the public.

Medical Trend Rate (Health Care Inflation). The increase in the cost of providing health care benefits over time. Trend includes such elements as pure price inflation, changes in utilization, advances in medical technology, and cost shifting.

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB). OPEB are postemployment benefits other than pensions. OPEB generally takes the form of health insurance and dental, vision, prescription drugs or other health care benefits.

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability."

Valuation Assets. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes.